

K21U 1537

Reg. No.:

Name :

V Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – Sup./Imp.)
Examination, November 2021
(2017-'18 Admns.)
CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS
5B09 MAT : Graph Theory

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 48

PART - A

Answer all 4 questions:

 $(1 \times 4 = 4)$

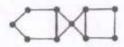
- Draw a graph on 4 vertices having a cut edge. Mark the cut edges.
- Sketch 2 non isomorphic trees on 4 vertices.
- Plot a tournament on 4 vertices.
- 4. Sketch a symmetric digraph on 4 vertices.

PART - B

Answer any 8 questions :

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

- 5. If G is simple and $\delta \ge \frac{n-1}{2}$, then prove that G is connected.
- 6. By considering two graphs G_1 and G_2 on 3 vertices, draw $G_1 \cup G_2$ and $G_2 \cap G_3$.
- If an edge e = xy of a connected graph G belongs to no cycle of G, prove that e is a cut edge of G.
- 8. Find the cut edges and the cut vertices of the graph given below.



9. Define the terms vertex connectivity and edge connectivity of a graph.



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- 10. By drawing a connected graph on 5 vertices, identify a spanning tree in it.
- Justify the claim: A subset S of V is independent if and only if V S is a covering of G.
- 12. Is the Wheel graph W_s Hamiltonian? Justify your claim.
- 13. Define a strict digraph. Give an example of a strict digraph on 4 vertices.
- 14. Give an example of a strong digraph. Justify your answer.

PART - C

Answer any 4 questions :

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

- 15. Show that if G is a self complementary graph of order n, then n = 0, 1 (mod 4).
- 16. In any graph G, prove that number of vertices of odd degree is even.
- 17. Prove that any connected graph contains a spanning tree.
- Show that a connected graph G with at least two vertices contains at least two vertices that are not cut vertices.
- 19. For a graph G, prove that $\alpha' + \beta' = n$.
- Graphically explain the Königsberg bridge problem. Explain why the solution is not possible.

PART - D

Answer any 2 questions :

6x2=12)

- 21. Show that a graph G is bipartite if and only if it contains no odd cycle.
- 22. Find τ(G) of the graph.



- Prove that a graph G is Eulerian if and only if each edge e of G belongs to odd number of cycles of G.
- Prove that every tournament contains a directed Hamiltonian path.