K23U 1147
Reg. No. : $\qquad$
Name: $\qquad$

# IV Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS - OBE - Regular/Supplementary/ Improvement) Examination, April 2023 <br> (2019 Admission Onwards) COMPLEMENTARY ELECTIVE COURSE IN STATISTICS 4C04STA : Statistical Inference 

Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks : 40
Instruction : Use of calculators and statistical tables are permitted.

## PART - A (Short answer)

Answer all 6 questions.

1. Define convergence in distribution.
2. State Cramer-Rao inequality.
3. Define estimator.
4. What do you mean by interval estimation ?
5. Write any two properties of maximum likelihood estimate.
6. State Naymann - Pearson Lemma.

> PART - B (Short essay)

Answer any 6 questions.
(6×2=12)
7. Find the least value of probability $P\{1 \leq x \leq 7\}$ when $x$ is a random variable, with $E(X)=4$ and $V(X)=4$.
8. Explain the weak law of large numbers.
9. Explain consistency with an example.
10. $X_{1}, X_{2} \ldots \ldots . X_{n}$ is a random sample from a population with mean $\theta$ and variance one. Show that both $X_{1}$ and $\bar{X}$ are unbiased for $\theta$. Compare their efficiencies.
P.T.O.
11. Find the maximum likelihood estimate for the probability density function $f(x, \theta)=\theta e^{-x \theta} X>0, \theta>0$.
12. Derive $95 \%$ confidence interval for the mean of normal population $N(\mu, \sigma)$ when $\sigma$ is unknown.
13. What do you mean by statistical hypothesis? Also explain simple and composite hypothesis.
14. Define analysis of variance. What are the assumptions of one-way analysis of variance?

PART - C (Essay)
Answer any 4 questions.
( $4 \times 3=12$ )
15. State and prove Chebyshev's inequality.
16. Show that sample mean is sufficient for population mean when x follows Poisson distribution with parameter m .
17. Estimate $\theta$ in the density function $f(x, \theta)=(1+\theta) x^{\theta}, 0<x<1$ by the method of moments.
18. A medical study showed 57 of 300 persons failed to recover from a particular disease. Find $95 \%$ confidence interval for the mortality rate of the disease.
19. Explain paired t-test.
20. Explain chi square test of independence.

## PART - D (Long Essay)

Answer any 2 questions.
21. Find probability of type one error and power of the test which rejects $H_{0}$ : if $x>1-\alpha$ in favour of $H_{1}$ if $X$ has pdf $f(x)=\theta x^{\theta-1}, 0<x<1$ with $\mathrm{H}_{0}: \theta=1$ and $\mathrm{H}_{1}: \theta=2$.
22. The following are samples from two independent normal populations. Test the hypothesis that they have the same mean assuming that the variances are equal by taking $5 \%$ level of significance.

| Sample 1: | 14 | 18 | 12 | 9 | 16 | 24 | 20 | 21 | 19 | 17 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sample 2: | 20 | 24 | 18 | 16 | 26 | 25 | 18 |  |  |  |

23. The theory predicts the proportion of beans in the four groups $A, B, C, D$ should be $9: 3: 3: 1$. In an experiment among 1600 beans the numbers in the four groups were 882, 313, 287, 118. Does the experimental result support the theory?
24. From different drugs have been developed in a certain disease. These drugs are used in 3 different hospitals and the result given below, show the number of cases of recovery from the disease per 100 people who have taken the drugs.

|  | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B1 | 19 | 8 | 23 | 8 |
| B2 | 10 | 9 | 12 | 6 |
| B3 | 11 | 13 | 13 | 10 |

